5.2 How to Send SMS Messages

Bright Pattern Documentation

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
How to Interpret Your Current State Information	3
Agent States	3
Ready	3
Ringing	3
Busy	3
After Call Work	4
Not Ready	4
Lunch Away From Desk	5
AWAY FIUIT DESN Break	<u>-</u>
How to Interpret Your Current State Information	5
Agent States	6
Ready	6
Ringing	6
Busy	6
After Call Work	7
Not Ready	7
Lunch Away From Desk	8
AWAY FIORI DESK Break	
How to Make an Outbound Call	8
How to Accept a Chat Request	9

How to Interpret Your Current State Information

The agent state is the indication of your current availability to handle service calls. This information is used by the system to decide whether a new service call can be delivered to you. The information about the time you spend in each state also appears in reports about your performance.

The Agent Desktop application uses icons to represent agent states. Your current state is shown in the upper left-hand corner of Agent Desktop. These icons, the states they represent, and descriptions of those states are described as follows.

Note: Information in the main text of this section is valid if your system is configured to let you handle one customer interaction at a time. This configuration is most typical when you handle calls only. If you process interactions of other types (e.g., chats or emails), then, depending on your contact center practices, you may be expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously. The differences in interpretation of your states in this case are briefly explained in the notes following a state description. For a more detailed explanation, see sections Handling Multiple Chat Sessions and General Information About Handling Email.

Agent States

Ready

You are available to take a service call. In most cases, you make yourself *Ready* manually. See <u>How to Make Yourself</u> <u>Ready</u> for more information.

Depending on your contact center practices, the *Ready* state may also be applied automatically under some of the following conditions:

- Upon login
- As soon as you finish a previous service call
- When the time allocated for after-call work associated with the previous call expires
- When the rest time associated with the previous call expires

You may also be forced into the *Ready* state by your supervisor.

Note: If you are expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously, the *Ready* state will only be applied when you do not have any active interactions on your desktop. However, in this case you may receive new interactions in states other than *Ready*.

Ringing		

You are unavailable to take service calls because one service call is already being delivered to you. The ringing icon is briefly displayed while your phone is ringing.

Busy

You are unavailable to take new service calls because you are already handling a service call. This state is displayed from the moment the call is connected and until it is released. For outbound calls, it also includes the call dialing phase. When your service call is released, depending on your contact center practices and the services that you provide, you will be switched automatically to either the *After Call Work* state, the *Not Ready* state, or the *Ready* state.

Note: Even if you are expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously, your state will be displayed as *Busy* as long as you have at least one active interaction of any media type. However, your actual availability will depend on the number of interactions you are currently handling versus the maximum number of interactions you are expected to be able to handle simultaneously. Therefore, you may receive new interactions when you are in the *Busy* state.

After Call Work



You are unavailable to take new service calls because you are processing information related to the call that you previously handled. This state may or may not be used depending on your contact center practices and the services that you provide. If it is used, you will be switched to this state automatically as soon as the call is released by either the customer or yourself. You will remain in this state until you manually make yourself *Ready* or *Not Ready* to take another call. Note that your *After Call Work* state may also end automatically if the time allocated for the after-call work exceeds the limit set by your administrator.

Note: If you are expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously, you may receive new interactions when you are in the *After Call Work* state. You will be switched to this state only when the last live interaction on your desktop is finished. (Otherwise, you will continue to be in the *Busy* state.)

Not Ready



You are unavailable to take service calls because you are temporarily away from your desktop or busy doing some work that is not directly related to handling of service calls. Under normal circumstances, you make yourself *Not Ready* manually. Your system may also be configured to let you indicate a specific reason for being *Not Ready*. For more information, see How to Make Yourself Not Ready and the following *Not Ready* agent states: *Lunch, Away From Desk*, and *Break*. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.

Depending on your contact center practices, the *Not Ready* state may also be applied automatically under some of the following conditions:

- Upon login
- As a short rest time after finishing processing of a service call
- Upon rejection of a service call
- If you do not answer a ringing service call within a reasonable time
- When your Agent Desktop loses connection to the system

You may also be forced into the *Not Ready* state by your supervisor.

Note: You will not receive any interactions while you are in this state regardless of how many interactions you are expected to handle simultaneously.
Lunch
You are unavailable to take service calls because you are on your lunch break. Under normal circumstances, you manually set the agent state to <i>Lunch</i> or some other Not Ready reason. See <u>How to Make Yourself Not Ready</u> for more information. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.
Away From Desk
You are unavailable to take service calls because you are temporarily away from your desktop. Under normal circumstances, you manually set the agent state to <i>Away From Desk</i> or some other Not Ready reason. See <u>How to Make Yourself Not Ready</u> for more information. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.
Break
You are unavailable to take service calls because you are taking a break. Under normal circumstances, you manually set the agent state to <i>Break</i> or some other Not Ready reason. See <u>How to Make Yourself Not Ready</u> for more information. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the

How to Interpret Your Current State Information

meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.

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Agent States
Ready
You are available to take a service call. In most cases, you make yourself <i>Ready</i> manually. See <u>How to Make Yourself Ready</u> for more information.
Depending on your contact center practices, the <i>Ready</i> state may also be applied automatically under some of the following conditions:
 Upon login As soon as you finish a previous service call When the time allocated for after-call work associated with the previous call expires When the rest time associated with the previous call expires
You may also be forced into the <i>Ready</i> state by your supervisor.
Note: If you are expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously, the <i>Ready</i> state will only be applied when you do not have any active interactions on your desktop. However, in this case you may receive new interactions in states other than <i>Ready</i> .
Ringing
You are unavailable to take service calls because one service call is already being delivered to you. The ringing icon is briefly displayed while your phone is ringing.
Busy

You are unavailable to take new service calls because you are already handling a service call. This state is displayed from the moment the call is connected and until it is released. For outbound calls, it also includes the call dialing phase. When your service call is released, depending on your contact center practices and the services that you provide, you will be switched automatically to either the *After Call Work* state, the *Not Ready* state, or the *Ready* state.

Note: Even if you are expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously, your state will be displayed as *Busy* as long as you have at least one active interaction of any media type. However, your actual availability will depend on the number of interactions you are currently handling versus the maximum number of interactions you are expected to be able to handle simultaneously. Therefore, you may receive new interactions when you are in the *Busy* state.

After Call Work



You are unavailable to take new service calls because you are processing information related to the call that you previously handled. This state may or may not be used depending on your contact center practices and the services that you provide. If it is used, you will be switched to this state automatically as soon as the call is released by either the customer or yourself. You will remain in this state until you manually make yourself *Ready* or *Not Ready* to take another call. Note that your *After Call Work* state may also end automatically if the time allocated for the after-call work exceeds the limit set by your administrator.

Note: If you are expected to handle multiple interactions simultaneously, you may receive new interactions when you are in the *After Call Work* state. You will be switched to this state only when the last live interaction on your desktop is finished. (Otherwise, you will continue to be in the *Busy* state.)

Not Ready



You are unavailable to take service calls because you are temporarily away from your desktop or busy doing some work that is not directly related to handling of service calls. Under normal circumstances, you make yourself *Not Ready* manually. Your system may also be configured to let you indicate a specific reason for being *Not Ready*. For more information, see How to Make Yourself Not Ready and the following *Not Ready* agent states: *Lunch, Away From Desk*, and *Break*. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.

Depending on your contact center practices, the *Not Ready* state may also be applied automatically under some of the following conditions:

- Upon login
- As a short rest time after finishing processing of a service call
- Upon rejection of a service call
- If you do not answer a ringing service call within a reasonable time
- When your Agent Desktop loses connection to the system

You may also be forced into the Not Ready state by your supervisor.

Note: You will not receive any interactions while you are in this state regardless of how many interactions you are expected to handle simultaneously.

Lunch
You are unavailable to take service calls because you are on your lunch break. Under normal circumstances, you manually set the agent state to <i>Lunch</i> or some other Not Ready reason. See <u>How to Make Yourself Not Ready</u> for more information. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.
Away From Desk
You are unavailable to take service calls because you are temporarily away from your desktop. Under normal circumstances, you manually set the agent state to <i>Away From Desk</i> or some other Not Ready reason. See <u>How to Make Yourself Not Ready</u> for more information. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get
detailed instructions about the meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.
Break
You are unavailable to take service calls because you are taking a break. Under normal circumstances, you manually set the agent state to <i>Break</i> or some other Not Ready reason. See <u>How to Make Yourself Not Ready</u> for

more information. These reasons are specific to your contact center. You will get detailed instructions about the

How to Make an Outbound Call

meaning and usage of such reasons from your administrator.

Outbound calls are calls you make to external numbers of a public telephone network.

Follow these steps to make an outbound call.

- 1. In the *Number Input Field*, enter the full telephone number of the party you want to call. Depending on your contact center configuration, you may also have to enter a prefix (e.g., "1") for access to the public telephone network before entering the telephone number itself. Sometimes, you may be required to dial different prefixes depending on the destination. You should receive instructions about the use of prefixes from your administrator. To enter the number, you can use either the **numeric keys** of your keyboard or the *Dial Pad* tab

 []. Note that if you begin entering a phone number that you have manually entered and dialed previously, the system will automatically complete the rest of the phone number for you. You can also use the <u>Recent Contacts</u>, <u>Directory</u>, and <u>Favorites</u> to make calls to known outside contacts.
- 2. If the outbound call you are making is associated with a particular service that you provide, click the drop-down menu below the *Number Input Field* and select the desired service. Note that depending on your system configuration, a service may be automatically associated with the call based on the prefix of the number that you dial. If you are in doubt as to which service to attribute this call to, choose **None**. Consult your

administrator for more specific instructions regarding service selection. 3. Click the Initiate call button
Note: You can use the plus sign "+" to dial international calls. To enter the plus sign from the Dial Pad, click and hold the " 0 " button.
If the called party is available, you will hear the ring back tone in your headset, and you will see a blinking outgoing call icon in the <i>Active Communications List</i> . When the called party answers, the outgoing call icon will stop blinking, indicating that the call is now established.
Note: Depending on your previous actions, instead of the Initiate call button, you may see the Initiate single-step conference button This button is used to <u>set up a conference</u> with another active call on your desktop. In absence of another active call, this button can be used in the same way as the Initiate call button.
How to Accept a Chat Peguest
How to Accept a Chat Request
When logged in to the Agent Desktop application and in the <i>Ready</i> state, you are available to receive interactions such as chats at any time. Accepting a chat request is simple.
When a service chat interaction is delivered to your desktop, you will hear a tone and see an alert pop-up window titled Web Chat indicating a chat request. Your state will change from <i>Ready</i> to <i>Busy</i> . The alert pop-up window will display the name of the service requested by the customer as well as the customer's name if it was provided in the chat request form.
Web chat alert
To accept the chat request, follow these steps:
1. Click the Accept button.
2. The Active Communications List will display the chat icon, which indicates that the chat session is now
established and the timer for this session will start. 3. The available customer information will be displayed in the <i>Contact Info Panel</i> .

4. You can now begin a chat session with the customer.

