



## 5.8 Email Tab

### Bright Pattern Documentation

Generated: 7/02/2022 6:11 am

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# Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Email	3
Notes	3
Screen Properties	4
Account tab	4
Protocol type	4
POP3 Properties	4
Account	4
Email address	4
Display name	4
Incoming Mail	5
Server	5
Host	5
Connection security	5
Port	5
Username	5
Password	5
Test	6
Error reported	6
Retrieval interval	6
Enabled	6
Bulk delete received email	6
Outgoing Mail	7
Server	7
Host	7
Connection security	7
Port	7
Server requires authentication	7
Username	7
Password	7
Test	8
Error reported	8
Current error	8
Microsoft Exchange Web Services Properties	8
Account	9
Email address	9
Display name	9
Microsoft Exchange Web Service	9
EWS URL	9
Username	9
Password	9
Test	9
Error reported	10
Incoming Mail	10
Retrieval interval	10
Enabled	10
Current error	10
Bulk delete received email	10
Microsoft Graph	11
Connect account	11
Account	12
Email address	12
Display name	12
Test	12
Error reported	12
Incoming Mail	12
Retrieval interval	12
Enabled	12
Current error	12
Bulk delete received email	12
Services tab	13
Default service	14
Queueing priority	14
When importance (X-Priority header) is	14
First email	14
Subsequent email	14
Ignore Reply-To Header	15
Set Language Skill Based on Detected Language	15
Insert thread id in email subject	15
Optional Filters	15
Language	15
Search for keywords in	16
Filter keywords	16
Search for keywords in sender's address	16
Email addresses	16
Service and Priority	16
Natural Language Understanding	17
Integration account	17
Salesforce.com synchronization	17
Integration account	18
Case Fields Tab	18
Parse email Subject into case fields	18
Parse email Body into case fields	19

1. REDIRECT [5.3:Agent-guide/Work/CasesEmail/CasesEmailandThreads](#)
1. REDIRECT [5.3:Contact-center-administrator-guide/CallCenterConfiguration/KnowledgeBase](#)
1. REDIRECT [5.3:Contact-center-administrator-guide/CallCenterConfiguration/Omni-ChannelRouting](#)
1. REDIRECT [5.3:Contact-center-administrator-guide/ScenarioEntries/Email](#)
1. REDIRECT [5.3:Agent-guide/Work/CasesEmail/CasesEmailandThreads](#)
1. REDIRECT [5.3:Contact-center-administrator-guide/ServicesandCampaigns/PropertiesTab](#)

## Email

The logic of processing of an inbound email interaction is initially determined by the email address that was used by the email sender. In the simplest case, such email addresses can correspond to your email services (e.g., your *sales@company-name.com* and *support@company-name.com* may be associated with your *Sales* and *Support* services, respectively). In a more complex configuration, you may want to apply some keyword-based analysis of email texts to associated emails with appropriate services (e.g., an email coming to *support@company-name.com* can be further categorized into *Smartphone Support* and *Tablet Support* services based on the presence of the words *phone* and *tablet* in the text of email messages).

The logical entity that describes the association between email addresses and keywords on the one hand and email services, on the other hand, is called *email scenario entry*. Unlike the other types of scenario entries, the email entries do not currently refer to any actual scenarios. All information required for the association of incoming emails with services in the current release is contained in the configuration settings of the email entries themselves.

Note that before you configure an email scenario entry, you should set up a corresponding [email service](#). If you plan any keyword-based categorization, it may also be easier to define upfront all of the known services to which the emails arriving via this entry may be attributed. Once the email entry is set up according to your initial needs, you can add more services and update the categorization rules at any time.

### Notes

- Bright Pattern Contact Center stores all processed emails for activity history, reporting, and quality management purposes. These storage practices may not coincide with the general email retention policies of your organization. For compliance with such general retention policies, we recommend that you always store copies of all emails received to and sent from the email addresses used for email scenario entries.

Email scenario entries are managed in the Contact Center Administrator application. To set up and manage email scenario entries, navigate to *Configuration > Scenario Entries > Email*.

- This option is visible and available to you only if the email management capability is enabled for your contact center at the service provider level.

If you have no email scenario entries set up, create them by clicking the "+" button. Once you have added an email scenario entry, screen properties will be visible on the right-hand pane of the screen.

- Email attachment limits are set by the service provider. By default, these limits are:
  - Single email attachment size: 10 MB
  - Single email with attachments size: 25 MB

# Screen Properties

The screen properties for email scenario entries are organized into three tabs: *Account*, *Services*, and *Case Fields*. The settings for each tab are described as follows.

## Account tab

### Protocol type

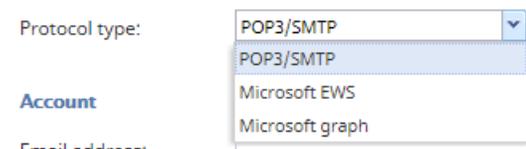
*Protocol type* defines what protocols are used to send and retrieve email messages. The following protocols are supported:

- POP3/SMTP
- Microsoft Exchange Web Services (EWS)
- Microsoft Graph

The drop-down menu provides three options: POP3/SMTP, Microsoft EWS, and Microsoft Graph. The email settings that follow are dependent on the protocol type that you select.

**Note:** For customers using EWS for email (e.g., Outlook.com, Hotmail.com, Office 365, etc.), on Oct. 13, 2020, Microsoft [stopped Basic Authentication](#) for new email accounts of this type. Moving forward, all new email accounts will use the Microsoft Graph API for OAuth authentication.

As such, Bright Pattern Contact Center software now allows service providers to enable the Microsoft Graph API on a cluster-wide basis. This means that any contact centers with email scenario entries of the *Microsoft EWS* protocol **must** be transitioned to the new *Microsoft Graph* protocol. Note that existing accounts will not be immediately affected; however, all accounts should be transitioned **before** mid-2021.



Supported email protocols

## POP3 Properties

Selecting protocol type POP3/SMTP will bring up the following properties for Incoming Mail and Outgoing Mail.

### Account

#### Email address

*Email address* is the address that customers will use to send emails to a specific service or a range of services. This address will also appear in the *From:* field of corresponding email replies as well as any outbound emails related to services associated with this scenario entry. This parameter is mandatory.

#### Display name

*Display name* is the name that will be shown for the email address that customers will use to send emails to a specific service or a range of services (e.g., "Bright Pattern Support" is a display name for "support@brightpattern.com"). This parameter is mandatory.

## Incoming Mail

### Incoming Mail

Server	POP3
Host:	<input type="text"/>
Connection security	<input checked="" type="radio"/> none <input type="radio"/> negotiate encryption in a plain connection (STARTTLS) <input type="radio"/> use an encrypted connection (TLS)
Port:	<input type="text" value="110"/>
Username:	<input type="text"/>
Password:	<a href="#">&lt;&lt; None &gt;&gt;</a>
<input type="button" value="Test"/>	
Retrieval interval:	<input type="text" value="15"/> seconds
Enabled:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

## POP3 Incoming Mail properties

### Server

*Server* is the type of server used for the transmission of email messages to the email address. It is read-only. The POP3 protocol is supported.

### Host

*Host* is the name of the host where the server is run. This parameter is mandatory.

### Connection security

*Connection security* provides indication of whether a cryptographic protocol (TLS or SSL) will be used to secure this connection.

- For a nonsecure connection, select **none**.
- To negotiate encryption in a plain connection, select **negotiate encryption in a plain connection (STARTTLS)**.
- For an immediate secure connection, select **use an encrypted connection (TLS/SSL v3)**.

### Port

*Port* is the port assigned to the server on the host. This parameter is mandatory.

### Username

*Username* is the username for email client authentication. This parameter is mandatory.

### Password

*Password* is the password for email client authentication. This parameter is mandatory.

## Test

The *Test* button is used to verify the correctness of your connection settings.

## Error reported

In case the account has been disabled automatically (see above), this parameter displays the error message that caused the system to disable the account. This parameter is read-only; the parameter's label is hidden while the testing attempt is successful.

## Retrieval interval

*Retrieval interval* is the mail retrieval period. By default, the account is checked for the presence of new mail every 15 seconds. Some POP3 mail servers may be configured to lock out accounts that access mailboxes at this rate due to excessive activity. If this is the case, use this *Incoming Mail, Retrieval interval* parameter to increase the retrieval period to any value between 15 and 86400 seconds.

## Enabled

*Enabled* indicates whether the account is currently enabled. Accounts can be disabled manually or automatically, as described. Accounts can only be enabled manually.

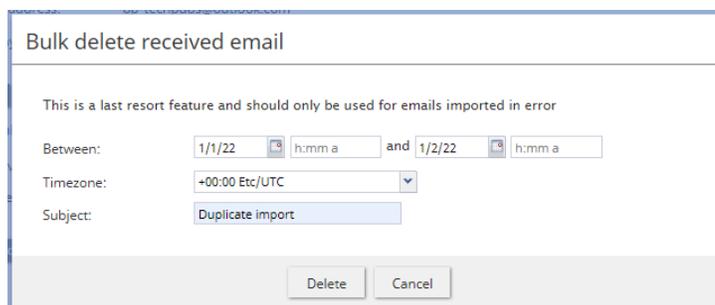
After incoming emails have been retrieved for processing, Bright Pattern Contact Center normally deletes those emails from the mailbox. However, if the POP3 server is configured for read-only access, the emails will stay in the mailbox and will be retrieved repeatedly until the system runs out of disk space. To prevent this from happening, the system will automatically disable the email account if an attempt to delete incoming mail returns an error from the POP3 server.

If an account is disabled, you should check the *Last error* message. If the message indicates that the account has been disabled for the aforementioned reason, reconfigure your POP3 server for full access, and enable the account manually.

## Bulk delete received email

This button allows you to delete emails received by the system in bulk. Specifically, when the button is selected a window pops, which allows you to configure emails to be deleted that were received between a range of dates and hours for a selected time zone. Note that you must select the **Delete** button in the window in order to confirm the bulk deletion.

**Note:** This button is available to users with credentials for the Service Provider application *only*. That is, you must log in to the Contact Center Administrator application with your system credentials (e.g., *sys:user\_name*).



Bulk delete received email

This is a last resort feature and should only be used for emails imported in error

Between: 1/1/22 h:mm a and 1/2/22 h:mm a

Timezone: +00:00 Etc/UTC

Subject: Duplicate import

Delete Cancel

Deletion of emails in bulk is reserved for service providers only

## Outgoing Mail

### Outgoing Mail

Server SMTP

Host:

Connection security  none  
 negotiate encryption in a plain connection (STARTTLS)  
 use an encrypted connection (TLS)

Port:

Server requires authentication:

Username:

Password: [<< None >>](#)

Current error:

## SMTP Outgoing Mail settings

### Server

*Server* defines what protocol is used to send and retrieve email messages. It is read-only. The SMTP protocol is supported.

### Host

*Host* is the name of the host where the server is run. This parameter is mandatory.

### Connection security

*Connection security* provides indication of whether a cryptographic protocol (TLS or SSL) will be used to secure this connection.

- For a nonsecure connection, select **none**.
- To negotiate encryption in a plain connection, select **negotiate encryption in a plain connection (STARTTLS)**.
- For an immediate secure connection, select **use an encrypted connection (TLS/SSL v3)**.

### Port

*Port* is the port assigned to the server on the host. This parameter is mandatory.

### Server requires authentication

Selecting the *Server requires authentication* checkbox forces the user to enter a username and password for email client authentication. If you do not select the checkbox, a username and password will not be necessary.

### Username

*Username* is the username for email client authentication. This parameter is mandatory.

### Password

*Password* is the password for email client authentication. This parameter is mandatory.

## Test

The *Test* button is used to verify the correctness of your connection settings.

### Error reported

In case the account has been disabled automatically (see above), this parameter displays the error message that caused the system to disable the account. This parameter is read-only; the parameter's label is hidden while the testing attempt is successful.

### Current error

The label *Current error* is displayed if the account type is enabled by your service provider and the last retrieval or send attempt was not successful; the label is hidden if both the last retrieval and last send did not have an error. If the account type is not enabled by your service provider, the label *Current error* is not shown. The content of this field is reset when the account is changed from *disabled* to *enabled*.

## Microsoft Exchange Web Services Properties

Selecting the protocol type **Microsoft EWS** will bring up the following properties for Incoming Mail and Outgoing Mail.

Microsoft Exchange Web Services (EWS) consumes extra memory when processing email attachments. It will consume approximately 4 times the size of a single email attachment sent in a message. For example, if the single attachment is 15 MB, you will need an extra 60 MB allocated to the email service.

**Note:** For customers using Exchange Web Services (EWS) for email (e.g., Outlook.com, Hotmail.com, Office 365, etc.), on Oct. 13, 2020, Microsoft [stopped Basic Authentication](#) for new email accounts of this type. Moving forward, all new email accounts will use the Microsoft Graph API for OAuth authentication.

As such, Bright Pattern Contact Center software now allows service providers to enable the Microsoft Graph API on a cluster-wide basis. This means that any contact centers with email scenario entries of the *Microsoft EWS* protocol **must** be transitioned to the new *Microsoft Graph* protocol. Note that existing accounts will not be immediately affected; however, all accounts should be transitioned **before** mid-2021.

Protocol type:

**Account**

Email address:

Display name:

**Microsoft Exchange Web Service**

EWS URL:

Username:

Password:

**Incoming Mail**

Retrieval interval:  seconds

Enabled:

Current error:

## Microsoft EWS settings

### Account

#### Email address

*Email address* is the address that customers will use to send emails to a specific service or a range of services. This address will also appear in the *From:* field of corresponding email replies as well as any outbound emails related to services associated with this scenario entry. This parameter is mandatory.

#### Display name

*Display name* is the name that will be shown for the email address that customers will use to send emails to a specific service or a range of services (e.g., "Bright Pattern Support" is a display name for "support@brightpattern.com"). This parameter is mandatory.

### Microsoft Exchange Web Service

#### EWS URL

*EWS URL* is the Exchange Web Services URL from which the email will be retrieved.

#### Username

*Username* is the username for email client authentication. This parameter is mandatory.

#### Password

*Password* is the password for email client authentication. This parameter is mandatory.

#### Test

The *Test* button is used to verify the correctness of your connection settings.

## Error reported

In case the account has been disabled automatically (see above), this parameter displays the error message that caused the system to disable the account. This parameter is read-only; the parameter's label is hidden while the testing attempt is successful.

## Incoming Mail

### Retrieval interval

*Retrieval interval* is the mail retrieval period. By default, the account is checked for the presence of new mail every 15 seconds. Some mail servers may be configured to lock out accounts that access mailboxes at this rate due to excessive activity. If this is the case, use this Incoming Mail, Retrieval interval parameter to increase the retrieval period to any value between 15 and 86400 seconds.

### Enabled

*Enabled* indicates whether the account is currently enabled. Accounts can be disabled manually or automatically, as described. Accounts can only be enabled manually.

After incoming emails have been retrieved for processing, the emails will stay in the mailbox, will be marked as read, and will be retrieved repeatedly. The system will detect that the emails already exist in the database and will not create multiple copies in the database/disk. It is possible to delete emails from EWS by setting up retention rules directly on the exchange server. Note that deleting them from the system does not impact the emails on EWS, as they are marked as read and are still kept on EWS.

If an account is disabled, you should check the Last error message. If the message indicates that the account has been disabled, reconfigure your Microsoft Exchange Web Services server for full access, and enable the account manually.

### Current error

The label *Current error* is displayed if the account type is enabled by your service provider and the last retrieval or send attempt was not successful; the label is hidden if both the last retrieval and last send did not have an error. If the account type is not enabled by your service provider, the label *Current error* is not shown. The content of this field is reset when the account is changed from *disabled* to *enabled*.

### Bulk delete received email

This button allows you to delete emails received by the system in bulk. Specifically, when the button is selected a window pops, which allows you to configure emails to be deleted that were received between a range of dates and hours for a selected time zone. Note that you must select the **Delete** button in the window in order to confirm the bulk deletion.

**Note:** This button is available to users with credentials for the Service Provider application *only*. That is, you must log in to the Contact Center Administrator application with your system credentials (e.g., *sys:user\_name*).

Bulk delete received email

This is a last resort feature and should only be used for emails imported in error

Between: 1/1/22 h:mm a and 1/2/22 h:mm a

Timezone: +00:00 Etc/UTC

Subject: Duplicate import

Delete Cancel

Deletion of emails in bulk is reserved for service providers only

## Microsoft Graph

Selecting protocol type Microsoft Graph will bring up the following properties for Incoming Mail and Outgoing Mail. Note that this option must be enabled by your service provider.

Account Services Case Fields

Protocol type: Microsoft graph

Connect account You will be prompted to login into your Microsoft account and authorize access.

Account

Email address: [redacted]@outlook.com

Display name: [redacted]@outlook.com

Test Test successful

Local Settings

Retrieval interval: 15 seconds

Enabled:

Last error:

## Microsoft Graph settings

### Connect account

When selecting the *Connect account* button, a separate window will pop and you will be prompted to log into your Microsoft account and authorize access. The application can request grant permissions, so you will need to give the required permissions to the application. **Note:** If you are already signed into a Microsoft email account, a session cookie will be detected and credentials will not need to be entered.

When an account is successfully connected, the email address will appear in the *Email address* field and the *Display name* field below. For more information, see section [How to Configure Microsoft Email Account Access Using Microsoft Graph](#)

## Account

### Email address

When your Microsoft account has been successfully authorized and connected to your contact center, the email address will appear in this field.

### Display name

When your Microsoft account has been successfully authorized and connected to your contact center, the email's display name will appear in this field.

## Test

The *Test* button is used to verify the correctness of your connection settings.

### Error reported

In case the account has been disabled automatically (see above), this parameter displays the error message that caused the system to disable the account. This parameter is read-only; the parameter's label is hidden if the testing attempt is successful.

## Incoming Mail

### Retrieval interval

This setting allows you to define the mail retrieval period. By default, the account is checked for the presence of new mail every 15 seconds.

### Enabled

Enabled indicates whether the account is currently enabled. Accounts can be disabled manually or automatically, as described. Accounts can only be enabled manually.

### Current error

The label *Current error* is displayed if the account type is enabled by your service provider and the last retrieval or send attempt was not successful; the label is hidden if both the last retrieval and last send did not have an error. If the account type is not enabled by your service provider, the label *Current error* is not shown. The content of this field is reset when the account is changed from *disabled* to *enabled*.

### Bulk delete received email

This button allows you to delete emails received by the system in bulk. Specifically, when the button is selected a window pops, which allows you to configure emails to be deleted that were received between a range of dates and hours for a selected time zone. Note that you must select the **Delete** button in the window in order to confirm the bulk deletion.

**Note:** This button is available to users with credentials for the Service Provider application *only*. That is, you must log in to the Contact Center Administrator application with your system credentials (e.g., *sys:user\_name*).

**Bulk delete received email**

This is a last resort feature and should only be used for emails imported in error

Between:   and

Timezone:

Subject:

Deletion of emails in bulk is reserved for service providers only

## Services tab

The Services tab presents settings related to email services.

Account
Services
Case Fields

Default service:

Queueing priority

	Default	3 (normal)	1 (high)	5 (low)
first email:	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>
subsequent email:	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>

When importance (X-Priority header) is

Ignore Reply-To header:

Set language skill based on detected language:

Insert thread id in email subject:

**Optional Filters**

Language	Keywords	Service and Priority
<a href="#">add filter</a>		

**Natural Language Understanding**

Integration account:

**Salesforce.com synchronization**

Integration account:

Email > Services properties

## Default service

*Default service* is the email service that will be associated with emails arriving via this entry if categorization rules are not set or do not provide any keyword matches. This parameter is mandatory.

**Note:** If you intend to delete an email service you must reassign this setting to another email service in order to move all existing emails to that new service.

It is recommended to not allow the deletion of the last remaining email service if there are any emails in the service's [push queue or pull queue](#); however, it is OK to delete the last email service if there are emails in [a case's activity history](#) or in an agent's list of [pinned cases](#).

## Queueing priority

*Queueing priority* is the priority that will be given to emails received by this email scenario entry. Priority determines the position of the email interaction requesting the default service in the queue (i.e., *Team Queue* and *Personal Queue*), relative to email interactions associated with other services that are competing for the same agents. Priority is set by the email sender in the form of an X-Priority header.

**Note:** The Bright Pattern Contact Center (BPCC) importance value range is from 1 (the lowest and the default value) to 5. Unlike other media types, the priority of email is absolute (i.e., an email with a higher priority always will be distributed to a qualified resource before emails with lower priority regardless of the time any of those emails spent in the queue).

For more information regarding configuring queueing priority, see *Tutorials for Admins*, section [Configuring High-Importance Email Routing](#).

### When importance (X-Priority header) is

There are four options (i.e., columns) for importance. They are as follows:

- **Default** - This column allows you to define the queue placement for emails without X-Priority headers
- **3 (normal)** - This column allows you to define the queue placement for emails received with an X-Priority header value of 3.
- **1 (high)** - This column allows you to define the queue placement for emails received with an X-Priority header value of 5.
- **5 (low)** - This column allows you to define the queue placement for emails received with an X-Priority header value of 1.

### Notes:

- You may define priority for each column per the following *First email* and *Subsequent email* rows.
- X-Priority headers set to either 2 or 4 correspond to the BPCC values of 5 and 1, respectively.

### First email

This row allows you to define the queueing priority for all new incoming emails (i.e., not replies); you may set priority for all four *When importance (X-Priority header) is* column options.

### Subsequent email

*Subsequent email* priority is the queuing priority of customer emails related to existing email threads.

The system automatically checks whether an incoming email may be part of an existing email thread (e.g., after receiving a reply to an original email request, the customer may have additional questions). Such emails bypass the keyword-based analysis. Instead, they are automatically attributed to the same service as the original request. This parameter allows you to distribute such emails with a higher (or lower) priority than any new email requests.

## Ignore Reply-To Header

The *Ignore Reply-To Header* checkbox, when selected, allows the system to ignore the header in the reply-to field of an email. When this setting is checked, the behavior is as follows:

- The *From* field is used for identification.
- The *From* field is used for agent replies.
- The *Return-Path* header is used for auto-replies.

If this setting is unchecked, the behavior is as follows:

- If a reply-to header is present, it is used for identification, agent replies, and auto-replies.
- If a reply-to header is missing, the behavior is the same as if the **Ignore Reply-To Header** box is checked.

## Set Language Skill Based on Detected Language

The *Set Language Skill Based on Detected Language* checkbox, when selected, allows the following:

- Emails with undetected languages will be sent to the default email service regardless of keyword matches.
- If the detected language of an email is not in the call center's list of configured languages, the email will be sent to the default email service, regardless of keyword matches.

## Insert thread id in email subject

When disabled, the *Insert thread id in email subject* checkbox excludes the email case's [thread ID](#) from the email's subject line. Note that this setting is automatically enabled for existing email entries; if you are creating a new scenario entry for email, this setting is not enabled.

Note that if you disable this option, the thread ID will instead be inserted in one of the hidden fields in the email body. In this case, possible auto-replies (e.g., "out of the office" messages) may not always be processed correctly as part of the case. Therefore, if processing of auto-replies is important for your case workflow, you should keep this the thread ID in the email subject.

## Optional Filters

*Optional Filters* is where you add the list of filters that will be used to assign emails arriving at the given email scenario entry to different services using keyword-based analysis of the email subjects and body text.

To add a filter, click **add**.

Filters are checked for possible keyword matches in the order in which they appear on the list. As soon as a match is found, the corresponding service and priority are assigned to the email interaction. Note that this order may be affected by the language setting of the filter. See the description of the [Language](#) setting for more details.

Newly created filters will appear at the end of the list. To change the position of a filter in the list, drag it to the desired location.

To edit or remove an existing filter, hover over it and select the desired function.

## Language

The *Language* setting is where you select the language in which the keywords of the given filter will be written. This setting only matters if the filter's keywords may have different meanings in different languages. Otherwise, leave this parameter set to the default value **<Any>**. The list of languages here is limited to the configured [Language Skills](#) that are auto-detectable.

Initially, the system will try to detect the language of the email text automatically. If the language is not identified, only the filters set to *Any* will be checked for keyword matches. If the language is identified, the system will first check the filters set to *Any* and then check the filters set to the detected language.

### **Search for keywords in**

The *Search for keywords in checkboxes* allow you to specify the part of the email where your filter keywords will apply. You may select *Body text*, *Subject*, or both of these options; once you have specified the desired option(s), you must enter your keyword expressions in the *Filter keywords* field. Note that both options are checked by default.

### **Filter keywords**

*Filter keywords* are the keyword expressions that you specify. Each keyword/phrase in the expression must be set in quotation marks. Logical expressions can include logical operators AND, OR, XOR, NOT, and parentheses (e.g., "*connection loss*" AND ("*router*" OR "*modem*")).

### **Search for keywords in sender's address**

The *Search for keywords in sender's address* checkbox lets you include or exclude an incoming email's *From* field in a keyword search. When this option is selected, you must define your keywords in the *Email addresses* field. Note that this option is unchecked by default.

### **Email addresses**

The *Email addresses* field allows you to define email addresses that will be used to filter an incoming email by the contents of the *From* field. You may enter complete addresses (e.g. jane.doe@brightpattern.com), domains (e.g., brightpattern.com), or both. A domain can be specified both with and without the "@" character. If you use several addresses and/or domains, they can be separated by space, comma, or semicolon. Quotation marks should not be used when specifying anything in this field.

### **Service and Priority**

The *Service* is the email service that will be associated with email interactions matching this filter.

The *Priority* is the priority that will be assigned to email interactions matching the filter. For more information about email priority, see the description of the *Default priority* setting.

Language:

Search for keywords in:  Body text  Subject

Filter keywords:

Example: (("modem" OR "router" OR "packet drop" OR "jitter" OR "connection loss") AND "internet")

Search for keywords in:  Sender's address

Email addresses:

Example: acme.com john.doe@gmail.com

Service:

Priority:

Language, keywords, service, and priority can be configured all at once

## Natural Language Understanding

Our contact center solution integrates with IBM Watson to provide Natural Language Understanding (NLU) functionality and sentiment analysis capabilities to your tenant on a per-service basis. To enable NLU for email scenario entries, select the applicable integration account from the *Natural Language Understanding* drop-down menu.

### Integration account

The default integration account is < < None > >. If no integration accounts are listed, that means no integration accounts of the type "Natural Language Understanding" have been configured for your tenant. To add an integration account, see section [Integration Accounts](#) of the *Contact Center Administrator Guide*.

## Salesforce.com synchronization

If your contact center is integrated with [Salesforce.com \(SFDC\)](#), emails from the Agent Desktop application can be synchronized with SFDC for routing and reporting. Emails from Agent Desktop link to SFDC Person Accounts, Contacts, and Accounts. Note that you may configure [Screenpop URL](#) to make synchronized SFDC cases pop in Agent Desktop.

With this setting enabled, the following happens for all incoming and outgoing email:

- Emails are received and processed by agents in Agent Desktop.
- After emails are processed, the system conducts a search in Salesforce.com using Salesforce Object Query Language (SOQL). The search looks in *Contact* objects for field *Email* (i.e., the customer's email, specifically "from" or "to" fields based on the message direction). The search also looks in *Users* objects for field *Email* (i.e.,

the agent's email, specifically the "from" field based on message direction).

- If multiple matches are found, the search takes the first result.
- If a new Agent Desktop case was created, a new SFDC case is created.
- Whether a match was found or a new case was created, the system creates an *EmailMessage* object for the match, which passes case ID, related case ID, activity ID, and attachment data.
  - If an email contains an attachment, the system creates an *Attachment* object.
- Finally, the system creates a *Task* object, which contains user, case, account, and contact data.

If neither a matching contact nor a matching user is found, the case is not created (i.e., only known addresses are synchronized); if the case is not created, neither the first nor subsequent messages are synchronized.

If the [Screenpop URL](#) setting is configured with a Salesforce URL, note the following:

- After emails are received and processed in Agent Desktop, cases and emails are synchronized to SFDC as cases and emails in Activity history, and they are linked to an agent (user) and a contact.
- The first email routed in such a way results in a screen pop of the customer/contact record in SFDC.
- Agent Desktop will also display the contact and activity history (if contact feature is used).
- Each subsequent email results in a screen pop of the SFDC case.
- Bright Pattern Contact Center would retain all of the routing control and reporting data. Switching between two screens (Agent Desktop and SFDC) is required.

Note that Bright Pattern and SFDC need to be integrated on both the server and client side. For more information on SFDC integration, see the [Salesforce.com Integration Guide](#).

## Integration account

The default integration account is < < None > >. If no integration accounts are listed, that means no integration accounts of the type "Salesforce.com" have been configured for your tenant. To add an integration account, see the *Contact Center Administrator Guide*, section [Integration Accounts](#).

## Case Fields Tab

You may utilize [custom case fields](#) when configuring email to pull data from email subject line and body; these custom case fields then can be used in custom reporting fields.

## Parse email Subject into case fields

To create case fields from the text in an email subject line, you will need to first configure a [regex expression](#). Once this has been configured, name the configured expression in the **case field** field.

Regex expression	Case field
"Hong Kong"	Booking

Regex expression  Case field

[add](#)

Regex expressions are used to create case fields from an email's subject line

## Parse email Body into case fields

To create case fields from the text in an email body, enter in words or phrases your customers use at the beginning of sentences in the **Line starting with** field. Once configured, name the field in **case field**.

Parse email Body into case fields:

Line starting with	Case field
I need to make a hotel reservation	Hotel
Book me a flight	Booking
Hong Kong	Travel

Line starting with  Case field

[add](#)

Words or phrases from the beginning of sentences may be used to create case fields